

**Amendments to the Specification**

Please amend the specification at page 8, line 11 to insert the following:

Figures 12 and 12A-12B illustrate the connector 10 having a muntin bar tab 15 with resilient fingers 16 and adhesive 30. The positioning tabs 70, 71 are attached to the base plate 12 at the locations 72. The positioning tabs 70, 71 hold the bottom of base plate 12 away from the inside base surface of the window channel until an installer is ready to position the muntin bar.

Please amend the specification at page 7, lines 5-14 as follows:

Referring now to Figures 7 and 7A-C, thereshown are a front elevation view, a top view, a bottom view and a left front perspective view of another embodiment of a connector. This connector includes a baseplate 12, positioning tabs 13 and 14, tab 15 and resilient fingers. This embodiment differs from the earlier embodiments in that it includes base tabs 45 to compress the muntin bar when installed. The base tabs are positioned so that the muntin bar is positioned between the tab 15 and the base tabs 45. This can be seen in Figure 7D. Muntin bar 100 may be made, for example, from rolled aluminum and is formed so as to fit between sheets of glass. The resilient fingers 16 make contact with the interior side walls 108 +05 of the muntin bar 100 to hold the connector in place.

Please amend the specification at page 8, lines 1-3 as follows:

Referring now to Figure 10, thereshown is still another embodiment of the presently inventive connector. Here, positioning tabs 109+05 may be formed out of baseplate 10 by, for example, cutting and stretching a portion of the baseplate to form leaf springs.

Please amend the specification at page 8, lines 4-10 as follows:

Referring now to Figure 11, thereshown is a rear perspective view of yet another embodiment of the connector 10. In this embodiment, bumps 60 have been added to the bottom side of the positioning tabs 13 and 14. The bumps provide the benefit of

assisting in positioning of the adhesive and to assist in the locking of the locking tabs.

In Figure 11A, an expanded view of a bump 60 is shown. While no particular shape is required, it in one embodiment, the bump extends from the bottom side of the positioning tab spring region 13 by approximately 50 percent of the width of the positioning tab spring region itself.